[SINGLE CORRECT CHOICE TYPE]

Q.1 to Q.4 has four choices (A), (B), (C), (D) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

 $[4 \times 3 = 12]$

Q.1 If
$$\frac{2}{\log_b x} = \frac{1}{\log_a x} + \frac{1}{\log_c x}$$
, where a, b, c, x. belong to $(1, \infty)$, then

$$(A) 2b = a + c$$

(A)
$$2b = a + c$$
 (B) $\frac{2}{b} = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{c}$ (C*) $b^2 = ac$ (D) $b^2 = acx$

$$(C^*) b^2 = ac$$

(D)
$$b^2 = acx$$

Q.2 If
$$x^2 + y^2 = 14xy$$
 and $2 \log(k(x+y)) = (\log x + \log y)$, then the value of k is

(A)
$$\frac{1}{16}$$

$$(B^*) \frac{1}{4}$$

(A)
$$\frac{1}{16}$$
 (B*) $\frac{1}{4}$ (C) $2 \log 2$

(D)
$$\frac{\log 14}{2}$$

Q.3 Given that
$$\log_{10}(4252) = 3.6286$$
 then antilog₁₀(0.6286) is

Q.4 If
$$13^{\log_{10} x} = 338 - x^{\log_{10} 13}$$
, then the value of $(x + 2)$ is equal to

Q.5 to Q.8 has four choices (A), (B), (C), (D) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$

Q.5 If
$$\log_a 4 = c$$
, $\log_b a = -1$ and $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} b = -1$ then $(4a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$ equals

$$(B)$$
 8

$$(C*)9$$

Q.6 Let
$$a = \frac{\log_{27} 8}{\log_3 2}$$
, $b = \left(\frac{1}{2^{\log_2 5}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{5^{\log_5(0.1)}}\right)$ and $c = \frac{\log_4 27}{\log_4 3}$, then the value of $(a + b \div c)$, is

(B)
$$\frac{4}{3}$$

(B)
$$\frac{4}{3}$$
 (C*) $\frac{5}{3}$ (D) $\frac{2}{3}$

(D)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

Q.7 If
$$7 \log_p \left(\frac{16}{15}\right) + 5 \log_p \left(\frac{25}{24}\right) + 3 \log_p \left(\frac{81}{80}\right) = 8$$
, then p^{16} equals

$$(D^*)4$$

Q.8 If
$$\log_{30}(3) = \alpha$$
 and $\log_{30}(5) = \beta$, then $\log_{30}(8)$ is equal to

(A)
$$3(1 + \alpha - \beta)$$
 (B) $3(1 + \alpha + \beta)$ (C) $3(\alpha + \beta)$

(B)
$$3(1 + \alpha + \beta)$$

(C)
$$3(\alpha + \beta)$$

(D*) 3
$$(1 - \alpha - \beta)$$

[MULTIPLE CORRECT CHOICE TYPE]

Q.9 to Q.11 has four choices (A), (B), (C), (D) out of which **ONE OR MORE** may be correct. [$3\times4=12$]

Q.9 The equation $|x - 10| \log_2(x - 3) = 2(x - 10)$ has

(A*) no prime solution

(B*) only one natural solution

(C*) two rational solutions

(D) no composite solution



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Q.10 Which two of the following equations have the same solution

(A)
$$x^{\log_{\sqrt{x}}(x-2)} = 9$$

(B)
$$\log_7(2^x - 1) + \log_7(2^x - 7) = 1$$

$$(C^*)\log_4(x+12) \cdot \log_x 2 = 1$$

(D*)
$$\log_3(1 + \log_3(2^x - 7)) = 1$$

Q.11 Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

(A)
$$\log_{10} x^2 = 2\log_{10} x$$

(B*) The value of
$$\frac{3^{\log_5 4}}{4^{\log_5 3}}$$
 is equal to 1.

$$(C^*) \log_2 5 + \log_5 2 > 2$$

(D*) Number of positive integers that logarithm of whose reciprocals to the base 10 has the characterstic (−2) is 90.

PART-B [MATRIX TYPE]

Q.1 has **four** statements (A,B,C,D) given in **Column-I** and **five** statements (P,Q,R,S,T) given in **Column-II**. Any given statement in **Column-I** can have correct matching with one or more statement(s) given in **Column-II**. [3+3+3+3=12]

Q.1 **Column-I** contains logarithmic equations and entries in **column-II** describes qualitatively the nature of their solution. (Take base of the logarithm as 10 where not mentioned.)

Column-I

Column-II

(A) The equation
$$x^{\log_3 x} = 9$$
 has

(P) Only integral solution(s)

(B) The equation
$$\frac{\log(35-x^3)}{\log(5-x)} = 3$$
, has

- (Q) only prime solutions
- (C) The equation $9^{\log_{1/3}(x+1)} = 5^{\log_{1/5}(2x^2+1)}$, has
- (R) only even integral solution
- (D) The equation $4^{(x^2+2)} (9)2^{(x^2+2)} + 8 = 0$, has
- (S) only irrational solutions
- (T) only rational solution(s)

[Ans. (A) S; (B) P, Q, T; (C) P, R, T; (D) P, T]

PART-C [INTEGER TYPE]

Q.1 to Q.3 are "Integer Type" questions. (The answer to each of the questions are upto 4 digits) [3×5=15]

Q.1 Let $x = 5^{(\log_5 2 + \log_5 3)}$.

If 'd' denotes the number of digits before decimal in x^{30} and 'c' denotes the number of naughts after decimal before a significant digit starts in x^{-20} , then find the value of (d-c).

[Take
$$\log_{10} 2 = 0.3010$$
 and $\log_{10} 3 = 0.4771$.]

[Ans. 0009]

Q.2 Let
$$p = \frac{(\log_2 2000)(\log_5 2000) - 4(\log_5 2000)}{\log_2 2000}$$
. Find $p \in N$.

[Ans. 3]

Q.3 If $x = \alpha$ satisfies the equation $\log_6(2^{x+3}) - \log_6(3^x - 2) = x$, then find the value of 3^{α} .

[Ans. 4]